



Owner: California Department of Transportation (Caltrans)
James Roberts, Chief Deputy Director
Dennis Mulligan, Toll Bridge Manager
Dr. Brian Maroney, Principal Bridge Engineer
Ade Akinsanya, Supervising Bridge Engineer
Rachel Falsetti, Supervising Bridge Engineer

Design Consultant: T.Y. Lin International/Moffatt & Nichol JV

Subconsultants: Weidinger & Associates
Modjeski & Masters, Inc.
Donald MacDonald Architects
H. M. Brandston & Partners

For further information please contact:

TY·LININTERNATIONAL

825 Battery Street San Francisco, CA 94111
phone: 415-291-3700 fax: 415-433-0807 web: www.tylin.com

SAN FRANCISCO – OAKLAND



BAY BRIDGE



SAN FRANCISCO – OAKLAND BAY BRIDGE

Facts About the Bridge

The new East Span of the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge is a dual 3.6-km-long, parallel structure that will accommodate five lanes of traffic and light rail transit in each direction as well as a 4.8-m-wide pedestrian/bicycle path on the east-bound structure.

The bridge lies between the Hayward and the San Andreas faults, which are capable of generating 7.5M and 8.1M magnitude earthquakes, respectively.

Four structure types will make up the bridge crossing: a low-rise, post-tensioned concrete box girder at the Oakland shore, a 2.4-km-long segmental concrete box girder skyway; a self-anchored suspension span; and a post-tensioned concrete box girder connecting to the Yerba Buena Island tunnel.

The signature span will be a single steel tower, asymmetrical, self-anchored suspension bridge. The main span will be 385 m with a back span of 180 m. When built, this will be the largest self-anchored suspension span in the world. The tower will be 160 m tall and will consist of four steel shafts connected with intermittent steel shear links along its height. The 70-m-wide deck will be twin orthotropic steel box girders connected transversely with cross beams. A single cable (.75-m-diameter) is used which is looped around the box at the west bent and anchored within the girder at the east bent.

The design will be completed in late 2000 with construction to start in the summer of 2001.

