

**Time**

**Begin:** \_\_\_\_\_

**End:** \_\_\_\_\_

<b>JOB AID</b>	
<b>TASK: HVAC Module B –Test Performance of Pump (C-7)</b>	<b>Page 1 of 5</b>

<b>Purpose:</b>	<b>Learn to test performance of pump.</b>
<b>When:</b>	

Tools / Equipment/Materials	
• Ladders	• Calculator
• Drawings	• Centrifugal chiller and auxiliaries
• Hand tools	• Watt meter, volt meter
• Extension cord	• Instruments
• Pump curves	• Ultrasonic Flow Meter
• Flashlight	• Water pump
• Data Sheets	• Centrifugal Pump
• Protective gloves	
Safety Equipment / Procedures	
• Personal Protection Equipment/Clothing <i>(PPE/PPC Daily Wear)</i>	• Safety goggles/Eye protection

Perform These Actions:	Do These Steps/Notes:
<b>CAUTION: Conform to All USC Safety and Environmental Requirements</b>	
<b>Test Performance of Pump</b>	
1. Preliminary office work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gather all applicable plans and specifications (ie. shop drawings, “as built” drawings, manufacturer’s catalogs showing pump terminal description and capacities, manufacturers’ data and recommendation on testing pumps, including pump curves.)</li> <li>• Acquire test data sheet.</li> </ul>
2. Perform preliminary field inspection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Put on eye protection.</li> <li>• Inspect job site and turn off pump motor.</li> <li>• Disconnect switch.</li> <li>• Record name plate data of motor and pump on test sheet and compare with submittal or equipment schedule data.</li> </ul>
3. Check ump rotation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Turn on disconnect switch and start pump motor.</li> <li>• Check and correct recorded rotation, if necessary.</li> <li>• Compare motor rotation with the arrow on the pump casing showing proper rotation.</li> <li>• If wrong, reverse motor rotation.</li> <li>• Reverse two mag-starter load side electrical wires to correct rotation.</li> </ul>

Perform These Actions:	Do These Steps/Notes:
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4. Condition of System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Turn off service disconnect to pump.</li> <li>• Measure with V.O.M. (voltage, OHM, meter) <u>line</u> voltage to service disconnect.</li> <li>• Measure with V.O.M. (voltage, OHM, meter) <u>load</u> voltage to service disconnect.</li> <li>• Verify voltage to be off.</li> <li>• Install lockout/tagout device. (C)</li> <li>• Hold isolation valves and place in closed position.</li> <li>• Repeat step for remaining valve.</li> <li>• Slowly start to drain water from pump.</li> <li>• Observe pressure gauge.</li> <li>• Ensure pressure starts to decrease to OPSI. Note: Valves are holding.</li> <li>• Determine correct size socket for removal of strainer access cover. Note: Sizes may vary</li> <li>• Install socket on impact gun.</li> <li>• Remove access cover bolts.</li> <li>• Two (2) bolts remain (loose but not out). (See illustration 1-1).</li> <li>• Remove strainer access cover by using mallet. (Little force needed). (Additional water will be released).</li> <li>• Ensure water is drained.</li> <li>• Remove two (2) remaining bolts.</li> <li>• Grasp cover firmly.</li> <li>• Place access cover and bolts away from working area.</li> <li>• Grasp strainer on outer edge that is exposed.</li> <li>• Remove and clean strainer with little force.</li> <li>• Transport strainer to wash station.</li> <li>• Spray water in direction opposite in which debris has been collected.</li> <li>• Brush off any other debris with wire brush.</li> <li>• <b>Eye protection required</b></li> <li>• Clean surface area of old gasket material</li> <li>• Pump housing.</li> <li>• Strainer access cover (See illustration 1-2).</li> <li>• Install strainer (e.g. If strainer was removed horizontally, install horizontal).</li> </ul>

Perform These Actions:	Do These Steps/Notes:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply anti-seize lubricant on all bolts.</li> <li>• Apply anti-seize lubricant on pump housing of pump and strainer access cover.</li> <li>• Place new gasket on strainer access cover (as shown on illustration 1-3).</li> <li>• Install remaining bolts on strainer access cover (see illustration 1-4).</li> <li>• Slowly open isolation valve.</li> <li>• Check for leaks around gasket area of strainer access cover.</li> <li>• Remove all air contained in pump housing.</li> <li>• Remove electrical “lockout” device.</li> <li>• Turn on service disconnect and turn on pump.</li> <li>• Check and set make up water regulator to maintain 5 to 10 psig at the highest point of water distribution.</li> <li>• Adjusted temperature controllers to full flow condition.</li> </ul>
5. Piping	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Release (automatically or manually) trapped air at each highest point in the piping which water changes its direction to downward flow.</li> <li>• Check location of common test gauge.</li> </ul>
6. Temperature Controller	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Put suction and discharged pressure tap as close to the pump as possible.</li> <li>• Set controllers to full water flow condition.</li> </ul>
7. Verification of centrifugal pump impeller size	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Get the correct pump curve.</li> <li>• Turn the pump off.</li> <li>• Close discharge valve.</li> <li>• Verify that suction valve is fully open.</li> <li>• Turn the pump on.</li> <li>• Use existing oil test gage and read and record the pressure on the suction and discharge sides of pump.</li> <li>• Turn off pump.</li> <li>• Calculate psi rise across the pump by subtracting the suction pressure from the discharge pressure.</li> </ul> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <math display="block">\text{PSI Rise} = (\text{Discharge Pressure} - \text{Suction Pressure})</math> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Multiply the pump psi rise by 2.31 ft/psi to get the rise in ft. of water.</li> </ul> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <math display="block">\text{Shut Off Head} = \text{PSI Rise} \times 2.31 \text{ ft/psi}</math> </div>

Perform These Actions:	Do These Steps/Notes:
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7. Verification of centrifugal pump impeller size (continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plot the shut off head on the vertical axis of the pump curve at zero flow and identify impeller size. (See Illustration A.)</li> </ul> <p>Use Pump curve B-260E for 5A 1510 pump.</p> <p>Suction Pressure = 64 psig  Discharge Pressure = 83 psig  Pressure Rise = 19 psig  Shut Off Head = 19 psig X 2.31  = 43.89 ft of water  Plotting 43.89 ft head at 0 flow, the  <input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>  <b>IMPELLER SIZE = 7"</b></p>
8. Determining pump flow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open discharge valve.</li> <li>• Turn on pump.</li> <li>• Measure and record suction and discharge pressure.</li> <li>• Measure and record motor amperage and voltage.</li> </ul> <p>Pressure Rise = 78 psig - 64.5 psig = 13.5 psig  Total Dynamic Head = 13.5 psig X 2.31ft/psig = 31 ft.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use pump curve and plot 31 ft. head against the 7" impeller size.</li> <li>• Ensure that at the point of intersection it reads 82.5% efficiency, 8 BHP @ 850 GPM.</li> </ul>
9. Checking pump BHP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Estimate pump operating BHP. Use the formula:</li> </ul> $\text{BHP} = \frac{\text{GPM} \times \text{TDH}}{3960 \times \text{EFFP}}$ $= \frac{850\text{GPM} \times 31\text{ft.}}{3960 \times 82.5\%} = \mathbf{8\text{BHP}}$
10. Data sheet (OPTIONAL) Estimate the Operating Cost/Year	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fill out and complete data sheet.</li> </ul> $= \frac{\text{BHP} (.746\text{KW/BHP}) \times \text{HR/YR} \times \text{Cost/KW-HR}}{\text{Motor Off}}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$.10/KW-HR</li> <li>• 5840 HR/YR</li> </ul> $= \frac{8(.746 \text{ KW/BHP}) \times 5840 \text{ HR/YR} \times \$.10/\text{KW-HR}}{(.917)}$ $= \mathbf{\$3800/YR}$

**The Result Will Be:**

**This Task Has Been Completed When These Standards Have Been Met:**

- The pump head was measured and compared to design data.
- Actual water flow was determined & compared to design data.
- Actual operating BHP was estimated.
- The water quantities measured were within  $\pm 10\%$  of design quantities.
- Final test and balance report was completed.
- The heat transfer at the evaporator was determined.
- The power input was measured at full load condition.
- The coefficient of performance was calculated.
- Area was clean and free of debris.
- No safety hazard was created.

<b>Author(s) Name:</b>	<b>QRT:</b>	<b>Field Test Date:</b>
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