

This is an annotated list of selected print and online research tools that cover contemporary issues of international migration, emigration, and the problems associated with the world's refugees and other forcibly displaced population's. Selected resources are also cited concerning U.S. immigration policies. All the sources described in this guide are located in the USC Library system. To search for books, conference proceedings, and other monographs associated with international migration and refugees, search HOMER, the online library catalog. For periodical articles concerning this topic in scholarly journals, consult the section in this guide entitled, "Indexes and Abstracts." For information on international population issues, please consult the library research guide entitled, "The World's Population." Other research guides are also available and should be used when appropriate to your topic. Please consult a reference librarian if you need further research assistance.

GUIDES AND HANDBOOKS

Gorman, Robert F. *Historical Dictionary of Refugee and Disaster Relief Organizations*. Metuchen, NJ: Scarecrow Press, 1994.

VKC Library [Bookstacks] HV640 .G66 1994

The 1994 document is a compilation of publications in the field of refugees and disaster relief, with particular relevance to, and focus on, international organizations. Following an introduction and glossary of terms, it presents profiles of related intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, as well as pertinent legal instruments, conferences, programs and peacekeeping forces in these areas. The bulk of the book is devoted to an alphabetical annotated listing of books, conference reports and papers, giving historical and organizational focus in the field. Details of important persons in international refugee assistance, and on the UNHCR Advisory Committee, are annexed.

Haines, David W., ed. *Refugees in America in the 1990s: A Reference Handbook*. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1996.

Doheny Library [Reference] HV640.4 .U54R425 1996

This volume discusses in a timely manner one of the most controversial issues in the 1996 election campaign and in the current US Congress: the role of refugees in US life, and legislation and public opinion concerning them. Since WW II the U.S. has admitted more than three million refugees, the largest groups from Cuba, Vietnam, and the former Soviet Union. Refugees are a distinctive category within the much larger constituency of immigrants. Congress has passed special legislation pertaining to refugee immigrants, and numerous organizations have been established to cope with their special problems in resettlement and integration into US life. Besides discussing issues of concern to all immigrant refugees, this survey examines in detail the history, background, and individual problems and status of fourteen different groups including Cubans, Haitians, Chinese, Afghans, and various other Asian, African, and Eastern European groups. Each case study is presented by a specialist, several of them anthropologists and

sociologists, who briefly describes the refugee country of origin, its history, and the place of the refugee group within this context as well as the particular problems of the group in adjusting to life in America. The book's detailed annotated bibliography and its chapter on relevant documentary films make it especially useful.

Haines, David W. and Karen E. Rosenblum. *Illegal Immigration in America: A Reference Handbook*. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1999.

VKC Library [Bookstacks]; Leavey Library [Bookstacks] JV6483 .I53 1999

A comprehensive, up-to-date review of the topic of illegal immigration, this book provides an accessible, balanced introduction to the subject. Covering the full range of illegal immigrants from Mexican border crossers to Central American refugees, illegal Europeans, and smuggled Chinese, the book considers the kind of work the migrants do and the public response to them. The work is divided into four parts: Concepts, Policies, and Numbers; The Migrants and Their Work; The Responses; and Illegal Immigration in Perspective. The book concludes with an appendix that summarizes recent immigration legislation and an index.

Hirschman, Charles, ed. *The Handbook of International Migration: The American Experience*. New York: Russell Sage Foundation, 1999.

VKC Library [Bookstacks]; Doheny Library [Bookstacks] JV6465 .H25 1999

The Handbook gathers scholarship in one volume to present a comprehensive overview of the state of immigration research in this country. The contributors to this work draw upon social science theory and demographic research to examine the effects and implications of immigration in the United States. Part I of the Handbook examines current theories of international migration, including the forces that motivate people to migrate, often at great financial and personal cost. Part II focuses on how immigrants are changed after their arrival, addressing such issues as adaptation, assimilation, pluralism, and socioeconomic mobility. Finally, Part III looks at the social, economic, and political effects of the surge of new immigrants on American society. Here the Handbook explores how the complex politics of immigration have become intertwined with economic perceptions and realities, racial and ethnic divisions, and international relations. Includes a list of references and an index.

Immigration Policy Handbook. Washington, DC: National Immigration Forum, 2000-. Annual.

VKC Library [Bookstacks]; Doheny Library [Bookstacks] JV6001 .I46

Provides readers with a "one-stop" summary of the most important information, trends, and analysis related to the debate over immigration policy in the United States. Specifically, the Handbook contains: "Basic Immigration Facts," with facts and figures on immigrants in the United States, and a basic explanation of U.S. refugee and immigration policies; "Current Policy Issues," containing background information and analysis on many of the key policy issues currently under debate; "Immigration Trends," with articles on important developments related to immigrants already in America, including immigrants and the economy, immigrants and their integration into American society, and immigrants as voters; and finally, "Immigration History," that highlights of immigration history, including a summary of the cycles of nativism in the United States, and a chronicle of immigration-related legislation since 1790. The work concludes with a resource section listing Forum publications, a directory of key congressional and administration offices, with contact information.

LeMay, Michael C. *Illegal Immigration: A Reference Handbook*. Santa Barbara, CA: ABC-Clio, 2007.

Leavey Library [Lower Commons Desk] JV6483 .L45 2007

This work is an overview of America's attempts to deal with the problem of illegal immigration, with discussions of every immigration law passed since 1965, crucial court cases, key actors and organizations, and proposed solutions. The Handbook traces the successes and the failures of our attempts to manage illegal immigration, from 1965 to the present. Through examination of pertinent laws and court cases, it analyzes the many problems that result from high levels of illegal immigration, our current efforts at control, and the proposed reforms now on the national agenda—from barricades to guest worker programs to amnesty. It offers readers a fair and thorough grounding on an issue of central importance to the future of North America. Features an exhaustive introductory essay and a chronology of key events, movements, and legislation. The volume also includes excerpts from key law documents and court cases, and a chronology including key cases since 1965 provide a historical overview and fourteen graphs illustrate major trends, flows, or impacts arising from illegal immigration.

LeMay, Michael C. *U.S. Immigration: A Reference Handbook*. Santa Barbara, CA: ABC-Clio, 2004.

Leavey Library [Lower Commons Desk] JV6483 .L46 2004

This is an authoritative and balanced review of immigration law in the United States. This title ranges from the "Kennedy" law of 1965 to the recent restructuring of the Immigration and Naturalization Service as a part of the creation of the new Department of Homeland Security. The work offers a clear look at historic and ongoing immigration problems in the United States and the reforms enacted to address them. It provides insightful summaries of key statutes and landmark court cases, as well as biographical profiles of the principal players in U.S. immigration policy. Coverage includes problems within our borders such as legal and political attempts to control illegal immigration, to global concerns including terrorism, epidemics, and economic and trade issues. Features an exhaustive introductory essay and a chronology of key events, movements, and legislation. The volume also provides biographical sketches of both governmental and non-governmental figures involved in U.S. immigration policy reform and summarizes every key U.S. law and court decision concerning immigration since 1965 including the Immigration Acts of 1990 and 1996 as well as the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986.

Miller, E. Willard and Ruby M. Miller. *United States Immigration: A Reference Handbook*. Santa Barbara, CA: ABC-Clio, 1996.

VKC Library [Bookstacks]; Leavey Library [Bookstacks] JV6465 .M55 1996

In recent years, immigration issues--and their associated economic and racial tensions--have risen to the forefront of American life. This volume begins with a historical look at immigration, starting with the seventeenth century, then explores the mass migrations of the nineteenth century and investigates modern immigration trends. Topics include the transformation of the U.S. labor force, public policy issues, refugee immigration, and illegal immigration. This reference guide provides a summary of immigration laws and regulations, a directory of government and private organizations, a bibliography, and a glossary.

Morris, Peter. *Blackstone's Guide to the Asylum and Immigration (Treatment of Claimants) Act 2004*. New York: Oxford University Press, 2004.

VKC Library [Bookstacks] KD4134 .B533 2004

The Guide provides concise and accessible books covering the latest legislation changes and amendments. Published within weeks of an Act, they offer expert commentary by leading names on the effects, extent and scope of the legislation, plus a full copy of the Act itself. The Asylum and Immigration (Treatment of

Claimants) Act 2004 is the third major piece of legislation in this area in the last five years and will introduce a number of radical changes to the current Asylum system in Britain. The Act plans to re-shape the way in which immigration appeals are handled as well as introducing significant changes in practice and procedure. For example, new criminal offences are created in relation to documentation and trafficking; rights to challenge removal to a 'safe third country' are removed; asylum support for families who have no further appeal against a failed asylum claim is ended and there are new enforcement powers for immigration officers including powers of entry, search and arrest. The Guide is written by an experienced team of experts. Structured in a clear and logical way following the parts of the Act, it provides an up-to-date guide as to how the law now works and is an essential purchase for practitioners and organizations working in this fast changing area of the law.

Serow, William J. *Handbook on International Migration*. New York: Greenwood Press, 1990.
VKC Library [Reference] JV6035 .H36 1990

This volume presents nineteen national case studies of international migration. The countries (Australia, Botswana, Canada, Federal Republic of Germany, French West Indies, India, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Mexico, the Netherlands, Nigeria, Pakistan, the Philippines, Turkey, the UK, and the US) were selected to represent nations that have been principal recipients or senders of international migrants and nations whose international migration patterns reflect their pasts as either colonial powers or colonies. To establish some comparability among countries with such diverse international migration experiences, each contributor discusses the legal policies regarding international migration; data sources and quality; major movements; demographic, social, and economic effects; and public policy issues. From this analysis, the authors have synthesized a number of general observations that appear to hold across these diverse countries. The book contains numerous tables, graphs, and charts; chapter bibliographies.

Stalker, Peter. *The No-Nonsense Guide to International Migration*. Oxford: New Internationalist Publications, 2001.

VKC Library [Bookstacks] JV6032 .S73 2001

Goods and money can move easily in free markets, but not people. Almost every day there are news reports of would-be migrants locked in cargo holds, foundering in small boats or discovered in trucks. If they survive to reach their destination, they often face a hostile reception by citizens of the host country. People migrate for many reasons. Often, they have few opportunities at home, and so may be lured by promises of work in rich countries seeking cheap labor. The Guide looks at all the issues, from who migrates and why, to the benefits for both the country of origin and the country where they end up, along with full references.

Waters, Mary C. and Reed Ueda, eds. *The New Americans: A Guide to Immigration since 1965*. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 2007.

VKC Library [Bookstacks] JV6455 .N49 2007

This comprehensive guide, edited and written by an interdisciplinary group of prominent scholars, provides an authoritative account of the most recent surge of immigrants. Twenty thematic essays address such topics as immigration law and policy, refugees, unauthorized migrants, racial and ethnic identity, assimilation, nationalization, economy, politics, religion, education, and family relations. These are followed by comprehensive articles on immigration from the thirty most significant nations or regions of origin. Based on the latest U.S. Census data and the most recent scholarly research.

World Population Policies. New York: United Nations, 2003-. Irregular.

VKC Library [Reference] HB883.5 .W67

The information contained in the present report is based on the continuous monitoring of population policies by the Population Division of the United Nations. The work presents, in three volumes, comparable information on the population policies of the over 170 members states of the UN and non-member states. The countries are arranged in alphabetical order. Each profile may include information on such policy issues as migration, spatial distribution, status of women, mortality and morbidity, fertility and family, and an overview of the general approach to population problems. Also available online at: http://www.un.org/esa/population/publications/WPP2005/Publication_index.htm

BIBLIOGRAPHIES

Hofstetter, Eleanore O. ***Women in Global Migration, 1945-2000: A Comprehensive Multidisciplinary Bibliography.*** Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 2001.

VKC Library [Reference] Z7164 .I3H62 2001

With large numbers of people migrating to other countries after World War II, a substantial amount of scholarship has focused on the status, problems, and successes of women immigrants since 1945. The first comprehensive compilation of the international literature on these women, this bibliography—with over 5,100 entries—reveals the breadth of scholarship on feminist immigration issues. Focusing particularly on sources from North America and Western Europe, where most immigrant women settled, the book includes feminist analyses, bibliographies, demographic studies, economic comparisons, educational research, health and medical reports, legal discussions, biographies and autobiographies, psychological case studies, religious reports, sociological investigations, and publications dealing with general aspects of female immigration. The book covers such legal issues as citizenship, international conventions on contract workers, the traffic in women, and services and government benefits to immigrants. Medical entries include such topics as female genital mutilation, comparative obstetric results, and equity of treatment. Education entries cover such subjects as adult education and the second-language programs necessary for assimilation. With entries in several languages, the bibliography includes books, journal articles, essays and chapters in books, dissertations, ERIC educational research reports, national and international government documents, and statistical sources.

DICTIONARIES AND ENCYCLOPEDIAS

Ciment, James, ed. ***Encyclopedia of American Immigration.*** 4 vols. Armonk, NY: M.E. Sharpe, 2000.

VKC Library [Reference]; Doheny Library [Reference] JV6465 .E53

This richly illustrated set is the definitive reference on American immigration from both historic and contemporary perspectives. It traces the scope and sweep of U.S. immigration from the earliest colonial settlements to the present, focusing on critical issues as well as the groups of people involved. Every major immigrant group and every era are fully documented and examined through detailed analysis of social, legal, political, economic, and demographic factors. Archival and contemporary photographs, along with hundreds of pages of documents and illustrations, further illuminate the information provided.

Ember, Melvin et al, eds. *Encyclopedia of Diasporas: Immigrant and Refugee Cultures Around the World*. 2 vols. London: Kluwer Academic/Plenum, 2004.

Doheny Library [Reference] JV6225 .E53 2004

Immigration is a topic that is as important among anthropologists as it is the general public. Almost every culture has experienced adaptation and assimilation when immigrating to a new country and culture; usually leaving for what is perceived as a "better life". Not only does this diaspora change the country of adoption, but also the country of origin. Many large nations in the world have absorbed, and continue to absorb, large numbers of immigrants. The foreseeable future will see a continuation of large-scale immigration, as many countries experience civil war and secessionist pressures. The encyclopedia consists of two volumes covering three main sections: *Diaspora Overviews* covers over 20 ethnic groups that have experienced voluntary or forced immigration. These essays discuss the history behind the social, economic, and political reasons for leaving the original countries, and the cultures in the new places; *Topics* discusses the impact and assimilation that the immigrant cultures experience in their adopted cultures, including the arts they bring, the struggles they face, and some of the cities that are in the forefront of receiving immigrant cultures; *Diaspora Communities* include over 60 portraits of specific diaspora communities. Each portrait follows a standard outline to facilitate comparisons. The Encyclopedia can be used both to gain a general understanding of immigration and immigrants, and to find out about particular cultures, topics and communities. It brings together the disciplines of anthropology, social studies, political studies, international studies, and immigrant and immigration studies.

International Migration Law: Glossary on Migration. Geneva: International Organization for Migration, 2004.

VKC Library [Bookstacks] JV6035 .I528 2004

Migration is increasingly being acknowledged as an issue that needs a global approach and coordinated responses. States are not only discussing migration issues at the bilateral level, but also regionally and lately in global arenas. A commonly understood language is indispensable for such coordination and international cooperation to be successful. This glossary attempts to serve as a guide to the mire of terms and concepts in the migration field, in an effort to provide a useful tool to the furtherance of such international cooperation and the common understanding of migration issues. Also available online at <http://www.iom.int//DOCUMENTS/PUBLICATION/EN/Glossary.pdf>.

Loucky, James et al, eds. *Immigration in America Today: An Encyclopedia*. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 2006.

VKC Library [Bookstacks] JV6465 .I4754 2006

America today is witnessing the largest and most sustained wave of immigrants its borders have ever seen. Although factors like the Great Depression, World War II, and quota restrictions had slowed the massive influx of Europeans from the early part of the 20th century, policies like the 1965 Immigration and Nationality Act have relaxed quotas and opened America's doors to hundreds of thousands of immigrants a year, from both Eastern and Western hemispheres, to reach a height of over 9 million immigrants in the 1990s. This comprehensive reference source allows a glimpse of the same motivating factors that drove earlier immigrants through Ellis Island's gates--the promise of economic opportunity and the hope of a better life. Over 70 A-Z entries address topical and timely aspects of modern U.S. immigration related to these and many other topics. The appendix includes a "Chronology of U.S. Immigration Legislation," starting with the 1790 Naturalization Act and ending with the different versions of immigration reform proposed in 2006. The annotated bibliography has four sections: "Books," "Organizations and Electronic Resources," "Other Notable Resources" (such as the Institute for the Study of International Migration at Georgetown University), and "Films."

Powell, John. *Encyclopedia of North American Immigration*. New York: Facts On File, 2005.
Doheny Library [Reference]; Leavey Library [Lower Commons] JV6465.P68 2005

More than 300 A-Z entries cover a wide range of topics, among them Department of Homeland Security, Korean immigration, Pennsylvania colony, Picture bride, Slavery, Statue of Liberty, and Winthrop, John. Some of the entries—Acadia, Department of Manpower and Immigration, Empire Settlement Act, Home children, and Toronto, Ontario, to name just a few—deal specifically with Canada. Other entries, such as those on particular groups (for example, Pakistani immigration), discuss immigration to Canada as well as the U.S. Entries generally range in length from just under one-half to more than three pages, and each has a further reading list with at least three and often many more titles. These lists include both American and Canadian publications, as appropriate. Following the entries are features that complement and enhance the encyclopedia content. Separate glossaries define American (alien registration receipt card, preference system) and Canadian (provincial nominee, removal order) terms. Appendixes contain 27 primary documents and an extensive collection of maps, graphs, and tables. A bibliography organized by region of the world as well as by topic is followed by a topical list of entries and an index.

DIRECTORIES

Encyclopedia of Associations. Detroit, MI: Gale Group, Inc. Annual.

Doheny Library [Reference] HS17 .G3362

Encyclopedia of Associations: International Organizations. Detroit, MI: Gale Group, Inc. Annual.

Doheny Library [Reference] HS17 .G3364

Encyclopedia of Associations: Regional, State and Local Organizations. Detroit, MI: Gale Group, Inc. Annual.

Doheny Library [Reference] HS17.G3363

The most comprehensive source for detailed information on more than 22,000 nonprofit American membership organizations of national scope. Every entry offers a wealth of valuable data, typically including the organization's complete name, address and phone number together with the primary official's name and title; fax number, when available; founding date, purpose, activities and dues; national and international conferences; and more. Also featured is an alphabetical name and keyword index so you can quickly locate the name and address of the organization you need to contact without ever having to consult the main entry. *Encyclopedia of Associations* has two companion volumes: Volume 2, Geographic and Executive Indexes and Volume 3, Supplement, which updates contact information from the previous edition and provide coverage of new or newly identified associations and projects. The *Regional, State and Local Organizations* volume provide detailed information on U.S. nonprofit membership organizations with interstate, state, intrastate, city or local scope and interest. The *International Organizations* volume covers multinational and national membership organizations from Afghanistan to Zimbabwe, including U.S.-based organizations with a binational or multinational membership. This is the best source for locating organizations that study Latin America.

INDEXES AND ABSTRACTS

AccessUN. Chester, VT: Readex, 1997-.

Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/166.php>

This online index provides access to current and retrospective United Nations documents and publications. Articles appearing in UN periodicals are individually indexed. Indexing of the bilateral and multilateral treaties in the UN Treaty Series is another unique feature of the Index. Documents from the six main bodies of the United Nations - General Assembly, Security Council, Economic and Social Council, Trusteeship Council, Secretariat and International Court of Justice - are indexed. Masthead documents (formerly referred to as mimeographed documents), Official Records, sales publications, limited and restricted documents, and documents emanating from sessional and standing committees, functional commissions, conferences and regional bodies are the basis of the Index. Full-text resolutions from the General Assembly, Security Council and the Economic and Social Council are appended to their respective bibliographic citations. The Index supports access to the microfiche and paper formats of your library's United Nations holdings. Readex provides libraries with a comprehensive microfiche collection of non-copyrighted United Nations documents and publications. The "Readex Year" field readily identifies documents included in the Readex microfiche collection. Period covered is from 1996 to the present. Use this database for finding materials about topics related to population control, fertility, world demographics, and emigration and immigration from the United Nations and its various sub-organizations.

Alternative Press Index. Baltimore, MD: Alternative Press Center, 1969-. Quarterly.

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/3119.php>

The *Alternative Press Index* was launched in 1969 to provide access to the practices and theories of radical social change. The Index is international and interdisciplinary, spanning the social sciences and humanities, with its central focus on the practice and theory of socialism, national liberation, labor, indigenous peoples, gays/lesbians, feminism, ecology, democracy, and anarchism. The index covers approximately 250 alternative, radical, and left-leaning journals, magazines, and newspapers published in North America and a select number from other nations. Citations are arranged by subject and title of article.

America: History and Life. Santa Barbara, CA: ABC-CLIO, 1964-. Quarterly.

Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/936.php

This bibliographic database covers the history of the United States and Canada. It includes key English-language historic journals, selected historic journals from major countries, state and local history journals, and selected relevant journals in the social sciences and humanities. Most articles included are in English; all abstracts are in English. The index also covers book reviews and selected dissertations. This is the best place to go to find historical literature concerning all aspects of immigration policies in the United States and the impact of immigrants and refugees on society. Please note that access to this database is limited to six simultaneous users. If you experience access problems, please try again later.

CIAO: Columbia International Affairs Online.

Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/42.php>

CIAO is designed to be the most comprehensive source for theory and research in international affairs. It provides the full text of a wide range of scholarship that includes books, working papers from universities and research institutes, occasional papers series from NGOs, foundation-funded research projects, and

proceedings from conferences. It also provides basic information, economic indicators and maps for all countries, links to other useful web sites, and a schedule of coming events. In addition it indexes a limited number of journals. The content may be accessed in a number of ways: through the home pages, which allow the user to see what is contained in a category; through alphabetical indices (author, subject, title, and institution); and through the search engine which allows users to search for files by fields (author, subject, title, date, and content area) and/or by keywords. The schedule of events is broken down by month, and the links and resources are organized by region and by area of interest (e.g. media). In addition to linking to over 160 related sites from this section, you can also access the home pages of each of the contributing institutions from within the section where its papers appear. Period covered is from 1991 to the present.

Ethnic NewsWatch. Stamford, CT: Softline Information, Inc., 1985-. Monthly.

Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/3119.php>

Ethnic NewsWatch is a comprehensive full-text collection of the newspapers, magazines and journals of the ethnic, minority and native press. A rich collection of articles, editorials, columns, reviews, etc. provide a broad diversity of perspectives and viewpoints. With over 500,000 articles from more than 200 publications, the titles in *Ethnic NewsWatch* represent the diversity of the American population in ways that are not seen in the mainstream media. Topics addressed include the arts, business, education, the environment, history, journalism, political science, and sociology. Period covered if from 1985 to the present and the database can be searched in either English or Spanish. Note: Access to this database is limited to 5 simultaneous users. If you experience access problems, it is likely that all 5 users are using the database. Please try again later.

Family and Society Studies Worldwide. Baltimore, MD: National Information Services Corporation, 1970-. Monthly.

Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/934.php

Family and Society Studies Worldwide covers popular issues as well as meeting the requirements of professionals in all fields of social work, social science and family practice. The quality and quantity of literature cited have been increased, and the scope is international including new areas of research and types of publications. Publications indexed in the database are drawn from a wide range of social science disciplines including anthropology, sociology, psychology, demography, health sciences, education, economics, law, history, and social work. Source documents include related web sites, internet documents, professional journals, conference papers, books, book chapters, selected popular literature, government reports, discussion and working papers, unpublished material such as poster sessions, statistical documents, theses & dissertations and other sources, many of which are indexed exclusively in FSSW. Enhanced sub-sets of records from highly relevant U.S. government databases are included. The database includes the records of the discontinued *Inventory of Marriage and Family Literature* as well as materials from the *National Clearinghouse on Family Violence*, *Health Canada*, and from the *U.S. Military Family Resource Center Documents Database*. There are currently nearly 850,000 records in the database.

Hispanic American Periodicals Index (HAPI) Online. Los Angeles, CA: UCLA Latin American Center Publications, 1970-. Annual.

Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/79.php

HAPI is an authoritative, worldwide source of information about Central and South America, Mexico, Brazil, the Caribbean basin, the United States-Mexico border region, and Hispanics/Latinos in the United States. *HAPI* contains complete citations to articles, book reviews (through 2001), documents, original literary works, and other materials appearing in more than 500 key social science and humanities journals published throughout the world. For a listing of journal coverage, as well as the criteria for journal inclusion, see Journals Indexed. The database combines current information about Latin America with in-depth coverage spanning more than thirty years, from 1970 to the present. Now containing nearly 275,000 citations, HAPI Online grows at the rate of about 7,000 records a year. While subject searches must be conducted using English-language terms, the authorized subject headings have been translated into Spanish and Portuguese as well. Whenever possible HAPI provides links to the full text of the article.

Historical Abstracts. Santa Barbara, CA: ABC-Clio, 1954-. Quarterly.

Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/937.php>

This index service covers history of the world, 1450 to the present, but excluding the United States and Canada (see *America: History and Life* cite above). Includes key history journals from major countries, as well as relevant selected journals book review articles, and dissertations from the social sciences and humanities. All abstracts are in English. Use this database to find historical literature on issues of population migration derived from non-U.S. sources. Please note that access to this database is limited to six simultaneous users. If you experience access problems please try again later.

Index to Foreign Legal Periodicals. London: Published by the Institute of Advanced Legal Studies, University of London, 1964-. Quarterly.

Law Library [Index Table]

Web: <http://law.usc.edu/library/resources/foreign.cfm>

This is a multilingual index to articles and book reviews appearing in approximately 520 legal journals published worldwide. It provides in-depth coverage of public and private international law, comparative and foreign law, and the law of all jurisdictions other than the United States, the U.K., Canada, and Australia. IFLP also analyzes the contents of approximately eighty individually published collections of legal essays, Festschriften, Mélanges, and congress reports each year. The Index is published quarterly with an annual bound-volume cumulation. Each single issue consists of approximately 2,600 articles and 300 book reviews. In addition to the hard bound volume, the Index is also available electronically from 1993 to the present.

LEXIS-NEXIS Academic Universe. Dayton, OH: Reed Elsevier, Inc., 1995-. Daily.

Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/40.php>

Searchable full text resource of major, regional, and foreign newspaper articles, magazine articles, governmental news, as well as medical and legal journal articles. Also includes U.S. state and foreign country profiles, state legal materials, U.S. code, federal case law, and biographical information. In addition, there is corporate news and profiles. An excellent source, especially for very current materials and to obtain a regional perspective on a topic.

LEXIS/NEXIS Congressional Universe. Bethesda, MD; Congressional Information Service, 1970-.
Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/40.php

This service is the best place to look for information published by and about Congress from 1970 to the present. With *CIS Congressional Universe*, researchers can: pinpoint expert testimony on the leading issues of the day; tap authoritative sources of statistics, projections, and analyses; discover a law's intent by tracing its legislative history; gauge congressional attitudes toward current topics; find out how members of Congress voted on legislation; investigate the finances of members of Congress; monitor legislation and public policy on almost any topic; review the federal regulations that implement legislation; and learn the makeup and mission of congressional committees. The service provides a seamless link to the full range of legislative and public policy resources, including hearing transcripts and submitted testimony from 1988 forward; committee reports from 1989 forward; bills—all versions of legislation introduced from 1989 forward; bill tracking reports from 1989 forward; selected committee prints from 1995 forward; congressional documents from 1995 forward; the *Congressional Record* from 1985 forward; and the *Federal Register* from 1980 forward. The vast range of subject matter on *CIS Congressional Universe* encompasses topics in public policy, history, sociology, political science, technology and society, and more. With links to related web sites, this system also enhances the user's ability to explore the legislative scene even further. The system is thoroughly cross-referenced with controlled vocabulary that lets users find information from virtually any starting point. Researchers can find information by subject, source committee, bill number, session of Congress, government document number, publication number, title, witness name and affiliation, public law number (for legislative histories), and date. This is the best database to use when researching legislative actions related to all aspects of international population and laws concerning immigrants and refugees.

National Journal Group's Policy Central. Washington, DC: National Journal Group, 2001-. Daily.
Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/2376.php>

This is a comprehensive resource on United States politics and public policy for the academic community. Among the services provided in this online directory is: the text of the *National Journal*, the leading nonpartisan weekly on politics, policy and government; the ability to track American politics and campaigns with coverage of each day's political news and to follow the key players and legislative process on Capitol Hill; full-text access to the Almanac of American Politics providing analysis and data on every member of Congress and their states and districts; the "Markup Reports & Bill Status" directory that offers complete coverage of every Congressional markup session, as well as constantly updated reports on key legislation; and, the online Ad Spotlight that allows the users to explore political and issue television ads with streaming audio or video. Also included is the Poll Track file is a database of public opinion surveys from across the country. Updated daily.

PAIS: Public Affairs Information Service. New York: Public Affairs Information Service, 1972-.
Monthly.

Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/415.php>

A selective list of the latest books, periodical articles, government documents, pamphlets, microfiche, and reports of public and private agencies relating to business, economics and social conditions, public policy and administration, and international relations. The system provides selective subjects and bibliographic access to periodicals, books, hearings, reports, gray literature, government publications, Internet resources, and other publications from 120 countries. Materials are in English, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, and Spanish with English language abstracts and subject headings. Contains more than 480,000 records,

each with bibliographic information and brief, descriptive abstracts. Use *PAIS Archive*, a retrospective database chronicling global public policy and social issues from 1915 through 1976 at http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/7078.php.

Sociological Abstracts. San Diego, CA: Sociological Abstracts, Inc., 1957-. Six times per year.

Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/183.php

International in scope, this is the most comprehensive index to the literature of sociology and related disciplines such as economics, community development, political science and public policy. Annotations are provided for books, selected book chapters, journal articles, and selected papers presented at professional conferences. Also indexed are relevant dissertations. Includes an author index and subject index. This is the best place to find studies and research examining the social aspects of migration and the growth, control, and placement of refugees.

Web of Science Citation Indexing Service. Philadelphia, PA: Institute for Scientific Information, 1987-. Daily.

Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/732.php>

The Web of Science ISI Citation Databases are multidisciplinary databases of bibliographic information indexed so that you can search for specific articles by subject, author, journal, and/or author address. USC has access to three citation databases. The *Science Citation Index* is a database with searchable author abstracts, covering the journal literature of the sciences. It indexes 5,300 major journals across 164 scientific disciplines, covering approximately 2,000 more journals than its SCI print and CD-ROM counterparts, with all cited references captured. The *Social Sciences Citation Index* indexes 1,700 journals spanning 50 disciplines, as well as covering individually selected, relevant items from over 3,300 of the world's leading scientific and technical journals. *Arts & Humanities Citation Index* indexes 1,100 of the world's leading arts and humanities journals, as well as covering individually selected, relevant items from over 6,800 major science and social science journals.

Women Studies International. Baltimore, MD: National Information Services Corporation, 1972-. Quarterly.

Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/935.php>

Women's Studies International covers the core disciplines in women's studies to the latest scholarship in feminist research. The resource supports curriculum development in the areas of sociology, history, political science & economy, public policy, international relations, arts & humanities, business and education. Nearly 800 essential sources include: journals, newspapers, newsletters, bulletins, books, book chapters, proceedings, reports, theses, dissertations, NGO studies, important websites & web documents, and grey literature. Over 2,000 periodical sources are represented. Note: Access to this database is limited to 5 simultaneous users. If you experience access problems, it is likely that all 5 users are using the database. Please try again later.

TRANSLATED NEWS SERVICES

Foreign Broadcast Information Service. Chester, VT: Readex, 1975-1996.

Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/1876.php>

An index to the FBIS Daily Reports issued by the U.S. government. The Daily Reports consist of translations of broadcasts, news agency transmissions, newspapers, periodicals and government statements from nations around the world. Regional categories covered include: Central Eurasia, Soviet Union, China, East Asia, Near East & South Asia, East Europe, West Europe, Latin America and Sub-Saharan Africa. Does not include material originating from the United States. The focus is on political, international, economic and military issues, but does include significant material on scientific and cultural matters. The paper collection of the FBIS Daily Reports is located in the VKC Library. It is shelved at the end of the journal stacks under "U.S. FBIS" and subfield by region. Consult the research guide "World Wide Broadcasts & News" at VKC Library for a complete description of the publication history of the Daily Reports and how to access.

Global NewsBank. Chester, VT: Readex, 1966-.

Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/2405.php>

Global NewsBank is a full-text database that offers varying perspectives on international issues and events. Covering Africa, Asia, Europe, the former Soviet Union, Pacific Rim, Central and South America and the Middle East, it is ideal for researching a wide variety of international developments related to politics, economics, science and technology, culture and business. This collection contains comprehensive coverage of news summaries, broadcasts and transcripts from over 1,000 translated broadcasts, news agency transmissions, wire services, newspapers, magazines and government documents. All articles are in English.

World News Connection. Washington, DC: National Technical Information Service, Department of Commerce. Current Two Years.

Electronic Resources Web Page

<http://was.usc.edu/eresources/isd/gateways/2693.php>

World News Connection (WNC) is an online news service that offers an extensive array of translated and English-language news and information from around the world. Compiled from thousands of non-U.S. media sources by the U.S. government, the information in WNC covers significant socioeconomic, political, international, scientific, technical, and environmental issues and events. Regional categories covered include: Central Eurasia, China, East Asia, Near East & South Asia, East Europe, West Europe, Latin America, Sub-Saharan Africa. New information is entered into WNC every government business day. Generally, new information is available within 48-72 hours from the time of original publication or broadcast. For a list of media sources monitored and translated go to <http://wnc.fedworld.gov/sources.html>. Formerly published as FBIS Daily Reports or *Foreign Broadcast Information Service*, this service covers current two years only.

STATISTICS

International Labour Migration Statistics. Genève, Switzerland: International Labour Organization, 1996-.

Web: <http://www.ilo.org/public/english/protection/migrant/ilmdb/ilmdb.htm>

This database has been developed to make information on international migration widely available. This sort of information is usually difficult to obtain, although it is of great value to promote knowledge-based debate on migration policy issues. It is based on responses of ILO member states to a questionnaire survey mailed in 1998 to obtain basic data on stocks and flows of migrant labour. The database complements efforts of other organizations, such as EUROSTAT, to collect information on various aspects and dimensions of migration, as well as on its impact on the labour markets of origin and destination countries. It is based on a set of 13 tables common to all countries. Data are grouped per year, starting from 1986. However, no country provides data for the full set of tables, since migration data are not always available for certain subjects. Data are drawn from countries' statistical offices or from research institutions. Data may be viewed by country, by table or by year. The type of institution (national statistical offices or research institutions) which provided the information is always footnoted, as well as any relevant methodological information.

Statistical Universe. Bethesda, MD: Congressional Information Service, 1998-.

Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/434.php

Statistical Universe abstracts include a detailed description of a publication's statistical contents and primary bibliographic information like title, date, collation, agency report number (if any), and periodicity. Whenever possible, the Superintendent of Documents classification number, the Library of Congress card number, the Government Printing Office (GPO) *Monthly Catalog* entry number, the GPO stock number, and the depository item number are also included. The abstract may also contain two hypertext links—one to the agency's World Wide Web site where the full text of the publication may be viewed and downloaded and the other to the full text on Statistical Universe, where the publication can be viewed, downloaded and accessed section by section or table by table. The database includes access to the *Statistical Abstract of the United States*.

United Nations Population Information Network (POPIN). New York: United Nations Population Division,

Web: <http://www.un.org/popin/>

POPIN is a decentralized community of population institutions organized into regional and national networks in Africa, Asia and the Pacific, Latin America and the Caribbean, Europe and Northern America. Plans are underway for the establishment of a population information network for Western Asia. The POPIN community includes governmental, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations working at the national, subregional or international level. The global POPIN Coordinating Unit is located within the Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs (DESA) of the United Nations Secretariat. POPIN Internet World Wide Web site includes statistical tables, software, official documentation of the International Conference on Population and Development and the United Nations Commission on Population and Development, full POPIN Coordinating Unit, Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, New York, in collaboration with the regional commissions, the UNFPA, the specialized agencies and the worldwide population community. The site also contains links to international migration and development data, International Labour Migration Statistics, and the Worldwide Directory of Population Institutions. Also included is a complete list of links to other UN organizations that conduct research in the area of population studies.

Yearbook of Immigration Statistics. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Office of Immigration Statistics, 2002-. Annual.

Web: <http://www.dhs.gov/ximgtn/statistics/publications/yearbook.shtm>

The *Yearbook of Immigration Statistics* is a compendium of tables that provides data on foreign nationals who, during a fiscal year, were granted lawful permanent residence (i.e., admitted as immigrants or became legal permanent residents), were admitted into the United States on a temporary basis (e.g., tourists, students, or workers), applied for asylum or refugee status, or were naturalized. The Yearbook also presents data on immigration law enforcement actions, including alien apprehensions, removals, and prosecutions. In addition to the Yearbook, the Office of Immigration Statistics Annual Flow Reports and Annual Reports provide text, tables, and charts on legal permanent residents, refugees and asylees, nonimmigrant admissions, naturalizations, and enforcement actions. The Annual Flow Reports and Annual Reports have replaced the text chapters in the earlier editions of the Yearbook. The site also leads the user to many additional statistics on immigration.

INTERNET RESOURCES

AsylumLaw.Org. Chicago, IL: The Organization, 2001-.

Web Address: <http://www.asylumlaw.org/>

Although primarily a legal resource directory, this site contains full-text documents and other corroborating information that can be useful in analyzing the human rights of asylum seekers or refugees. You'll find country conditions reports and other documents that pertain to specific asylum claims. Also available are links to immigration forms, case law, and the legal requirements for asylum in countries around the world as well as tutorials, summaries and recent decisions on all aspects of asylum law. Under construction is a list of web-based resources and links, by country.

Center for Immigration Studies. Washington, DC: The Center, 2002-.

Web Address: <http://www.cis.org/cis/>

The Center for Immigration Studies is a non-partisan, non-profit organization founded in 1985. It is the nation's only think tank devoted exclusively to research and policy analysis of the economic, social, demographic, fiscal, and other impacts of immigration on the United States. The Center's mission to expand the base of public knowledge and understanding of the need for an immigration policy that gives first concern to the broad national interest. The organization produces a monthly publication which gives attention to immigration's impact on the nation as a whole and to assessing that impact comprehensively. The Center also maintains a comprehensive bibliography related to immigrations policy and its implementation. This site is useful as a current news clearinghouse on issues of immigration to the United States.

Forced Migration Online. Oxford: University of Oxford Refugees Study Center, 2002-.

Web Address: <http://www.forcedmigration.org/>

Forced Migration Online (FMO) provides access to a wide variety of online resources concerning the situation of forced migrants worldwide. Designed for use by practitioners, researchers, policy makers, students or anyone interested in the field, FMO aims to give comprehensive information in an impartial environment and to promote increased awareness of human displacement issues to an international community of users. FMO offers a host of key published and unpublished literature (both current and historical); specially commissioned guides written by subject experts; selected web resources; an organizations directory and other useful and time-saving resources - all in one place. Content includes: a

digital library of full-text documents which can be read online, searched and printed as required; thematic and country/population-specific guides to research on forced migration issues with pointers to further information available on the web; a searchable web catalogue with descriptions of relevant resources in the field of forced migration and links to those resources; a news feed with regularly updated highlights; a directory of key organizations around the world; visual materials such as maps and photographs; back runs of academic journals; and, online teaching resources. Highly recommended.

History of International Migration Site. Leiden, The Netherlands: Leiden University, 2001-.

Web Address: <http://www.let.leidenuniv.nl/history/migration/>

The aim of this website is to help researchers and students who want to study European migration movements by providing them with a kind of framework and with documents and information about sources on migration. The site's contributors use a standard list of questions which should be answered to every subject in which migration plays a role. The four main questions are: 1) description of the migration movement; 2) causes of migration; 3) consequences of migration; and, 4) reactions on migration. The site describes events in a chronological framework—migration before 1750; migration between 1750 -1914; migration between 1914 -1945; and, migration after 1945. This framework constitutes the four main categories on which visitors of the migrations site can find information about migration. By clicking on International Migration on the main page, and choosing one of the categories, the visitor will go to a page of annotated links. The symbols indicate the kind of source. A shockwave plug-in is for some maps required. An international list of research institutes and governmental and NGO statistical offices are also included.

International Organization for Migration. Geneva, Switzerland: IOM, 2001-.

Web Address: <http://www.iom.int/>

As the leading international organization for migration, IOM acts with its partners in the international community to: assist in meeting the growing operational challenges of migration management, advance understanding of migration issues, encourage social and economic development through migration, and uphold the human dignity and well-being of migrants. IOM is the leading international organization working with migrants and governments to provide humane responses to migration challenges. Established in 1951 as an intergovernmental organization to resettle European displaced persons, refugees and migrants, IOM has now grown to encompass a variety of migration management activities throughout the world. With offices and operations on every continent, IOM helps governments and civil society through: rapid humanitarian responses to sudden migration flows, post-emergency return and reintegration programs, assistance to migrants on their way to new homes and lives, facilitation of labor migration, assisted voluntary return for irregular migrants, aid to migrants in distress, measures to counter trafficking in persons, migration medical and public health programs, mass information and education on migration, research related to migration management and other services for migrants. While not part of the United Nations system, IOM maintains close working relations with UN bodies and operational agencies. IOM has as partners a wide range of international and non-governmental organizations. This web site links to the activities of IOM described above. This is an outstanding web site for linking to current migrations throughout the world and the plight of refugees.

Migration Policy Institute. Washington, DC: The Institute, 2007-.

Web: <http://www.migrationpolicy.org>

MPI provides analysis, development, and evaluation of migration and refugee policies at the local, national, and international levels. It aims to meet the rising demand for pragmatic and thoughtful responses to the challenges and opportunities that large-scale migration, whether voluntary or forced, presents to communities and institutions in an increasingly integrated world. The site includes the Migration Information Source, which provides offers fresh thought, authoritative data from numerous global

organizations and governments, and global analysis of international migration and refugee trends. A unique, online resource, the Source offers useful tools, vital data, and essential facts on the movement of people worldwide. The organization also chronicles global migration movements, provide perspectives on current migration debates, and offer the tools and data from numerous global organizations and governments needed to understand migration.

Population Reference Bureau. Washington, DC: The Bureau, 2001-.

Web Address: <http://www.prb.org/>

This service is a leader in providing timely and objective information on U.S. and international population trends and their implications. PRB informs policymakers, educators, the media, and concerned citizens working in the public interest around the world through a broad range of activities, including publications, information services, seminars and workshops, and technical support. PRB fulfills its mission by implementing activities in some of the following areas: design, produce, disseminate, and promote the use of print and electronic material on key population and health topics; collaborate and provide technical assistance in the development and implementation of policy communication strategies; provide a reference service to answer questions on demographic topics. The site includes links to information on education, employment, family planning, fertility, gender, health, income and poverty, marriage and family, migration, mortality, older populations, policy-making, race and ethnicity, urbanization, and youth. Focuses on U.S. population issues, but includes information on international issues as well. Also includes a comprehensive glossary of population terms. The organization also supports PopNet, a resource directory to internet resources on global population trends.

United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees. New York: United Nations, 2002-.

Web Address: <http://www.unhcr.ch/cgi-bin/texis/vtx/home>

UNHCR was established on December 14, 1950 by the U.N. General assembly and began its work on January 1, the following year. The agency helps the world's uprooted peoples by providing them with basic necessities such as shelter, food, water and medicine in emergencies and seeking long term solutions, including voluntary return to their homes or beginning afresh in new countries. The web site for the agency includes daily news updates from the Public Information Section that keeps users up to date on developments worldwide and editorials, features and background articles that place the news stories into context. The site also links to the databases formerly known as "REFWORLD." This database includes tens of thousands of documents from UNHCR and other research information partners. Select "Country of Origin and Legal Information" on the "Research/Evaluation" page. The UNHCR site is database-driven, and fully searchable throughout, allowing the user to sort results by relevance or by date. A "Category Matches" feature points you towards the most popular or most likely destinations for any search.